

MSD INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

MSD DynaForce High Speed Starter Chevy 153/168 Tooth, PN 50952 Chevy Ten Pitch with 139 Tooth Ring Gear, PN 50953

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Thank you for purchasing the DynaForce High Speed Starter from MSD. The DynaForce line of starters is specifically designed to start the engine time after time, even when it is very high compression, hot, or has any other special circumstance that causes lesser made starters to fail. Thanks to special gearing and other design features, the High Speed starter spins 25% faster than our traditional DynaForce starters. This extra speed is ideal for engines with magnetos or blown alcohol. Please be sure to read, understand, and follow the instructions prior to installation so that everything goes smoothly and the engine starts reliably time after time.

IMPORTANT: Proper installation of the DynaForce Starter is important to the overall operation. Correct alignment of the starter pinion with the ring gear is needed to achieve the best operation and longevity from your starter. Please read the instructions before attempting the installation.

Parts Included:

1 - Starter	1 - Shim Ring
2 - Mounting Bolts	1 - Outer Shim
2 - Mounting Block Shims	

WARNING: Before installing the DynaForce Starter disconnect the battery cables. When disconnecting the battery cables, always remove the Negative (-) cable first and install it last.

1. Make sure the starter mounting flange on the engine block is clean and smooth.
2. Install the starter with the supplied hardware. It is recommended to leave the shims out until the pinion gear to ring gear teeth mesh is checked. Torque the bolts to 32 lb-ft.
3. Check that the position of the solenoid is away from direct heat sources and other components. If there are clearance problems, the starter housing can be rotated to move the location of the solenoid. This is done by removing the three bolts on the mounting block and repositioning the starter motor (Figure 1).

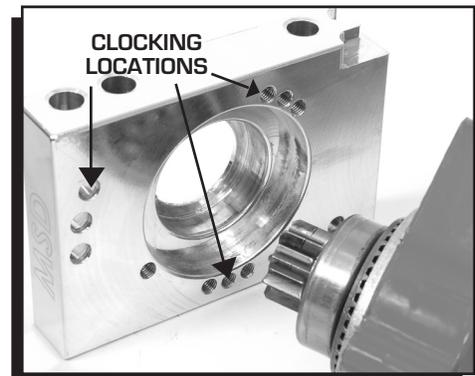


Figure 1 Clocking the Starter for Clearance.

4. With the starter installed, check the clearance between the ring gear and the edge of the pinion gear (Figure 2). There should be at least 1/16". It is recommended to check this clearance in at least three places around the flex plate.

- **If there is not enough clearance**, you will need to install the supplied shim kit by removing the mounting block (Figure 3). Place the small shim ring in the bearing bore and install the outer shim on the support housing. Reinstall the mounting block. This will move the pinion gear into the starter approximately 0.060".

5. To check the pinion gear mesh, gently pry the gear out to engage to the ring gear. (Sometimes the pinion will not retract. This is normal.) Insert a wire gauge as shown in Figure 4. As a gauge, a standard 1.25" paperclip could be used as they generally are about .035" in diameter. There should be .020"-.035" clearance between the ring gear tooth and the pinion gear.

- **If there is not enough clearance**, install one of the supplied shims and check again.

- **If there is too much clearance**, install a shim under the outer bolt only. This will tighten the clearance.

6. The switch wire that connects to the solenoid should be at least 12-gauge (Figure 5).

Note: If your original starter had wire going to a second terminal, an 'R' terminal, this can generally be bypassed. See the information on page 3 of the instructions for more details.

7. Attach the battery cable. The size of the battery cable depends on its length. Using the proper gauge wire is important to the operation of the starter. Both the positive and ground wires must be able to meet the demands of the starter. The chart in Figure 5 shows the recommended sizes. Be sure to route the wire away from the exhaust and moving parts of the engine.

8. Connect the battery terminals and start the engine.

IMPORTANT: Never operate a starter for more than 30 seconds at a time without letting it cool for at least two minutes.

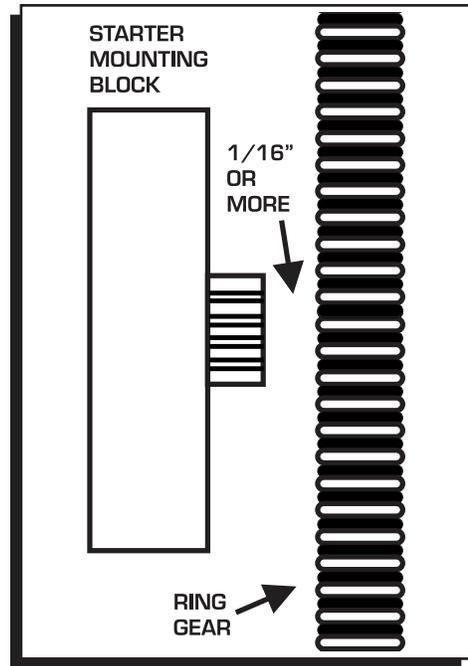


Figure 2 Checking Pinion Clearance.

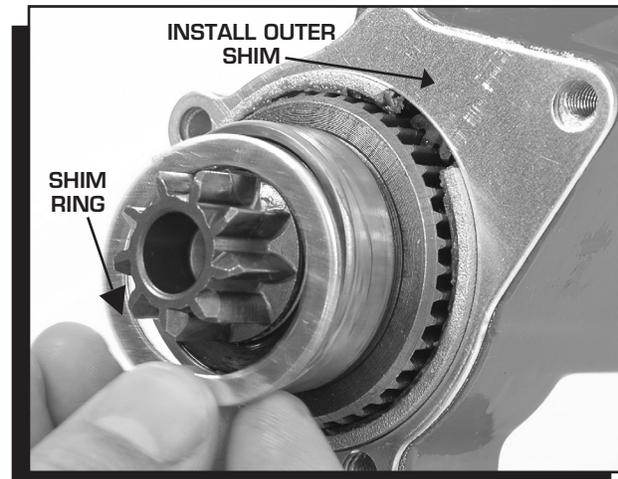


Figure 3 Installing the Pinion Shim Spacers.

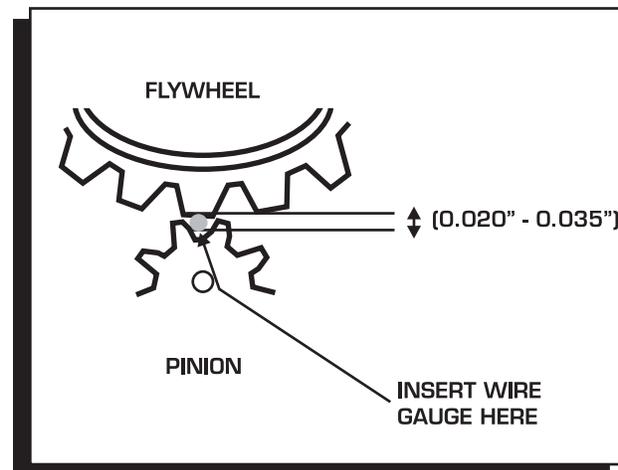


Figure 4 Checking Gear Mesh.

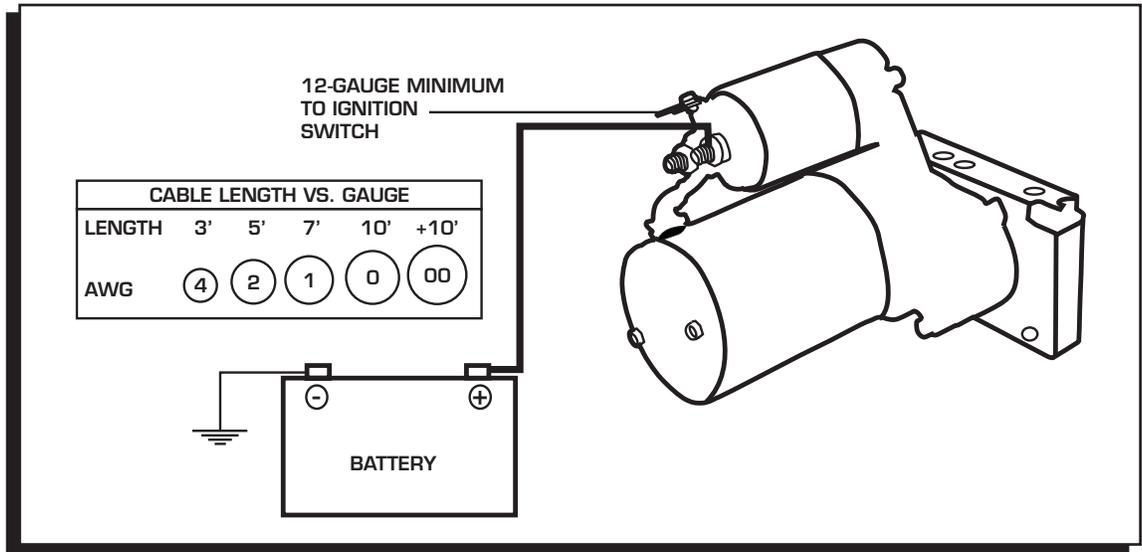


Figure 5 Wiring the Starter.

INSTALLATION INFO

INSPECT PINION GEAR

After cranking the engine several times, you can inspect the witness pattern on the pinion gear. The pattern should show 1/4" to 3/8". If over, the internal shim is required. See Figure 3.

NOISE

If there is a high pitch whine during cranking, the pinion to ring gear engagement may be out of specification, on the high side. If there is a whine after cranking there may be too little of clearance. The gear mesh spec is .020"-.035" (Figure 4).

SLOW CRANKING

The most common cause is due to low input voltage. The battery should be checked, but also inspect the battery wires, terminals, connections or switches.

DISCONNECT SWITCHES

Most sanctioning bodies require an emergency disconnect switch. Be sure to use a heavy duty switch that is capable of handling high current. Some starters may pull over 700 amps while cranking. Most disconnect switches are rated at continuous and intermittent amps. Make sure to use a switch that exceeds your starting and electrical system requirements.

CAST IRON STARTERS

The MSD DynaForce Starter is meant to replace factory starters that were equipped with a aluminum front housing (nose). If your original starter was cast iron, more shims may be required to achieve proper ring gear engagement.

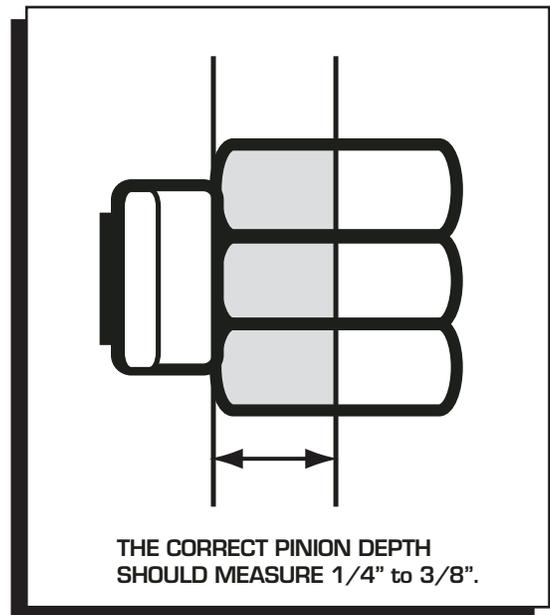


Figure 6 Pinion Gear Pattern.

